

## THIRD INTER-AMERICAN COURSE ON CIVIL SOCIETY AND HUMAN RIGHTS

Linking the rapporteurs of the universal and inter-American protection systems and civil society entities.

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Between October 28 and November 1, 2002 more than 60 NGOs from 20 different countries of the Americas, participated in the lectures and work sessions of the third Inter-American Course on Civil Society and Human Rights. The IIHR Department of Civil Society Entities was in charge of organizing the event and of developing the specialized debates between two thematic rapporteurs of the United Nations system, the Special Representative of the UN Secretary General for Children and Armed Conflict, the Regional Representative for Latin America and the Caribbean of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, and five analogous rapporteurs of the inter-American human rights protection system.

The mandate and scope of the rapporteurs of the two protection systems are vitally important and politically relevant, particularly if one takes into account the grievances emanating from collectives, such as indigenous peoples, migrant populations, children and youth, women and populations of African ancestry. On this level, the NGOs have addressed the main problems concerning the protection of human rights of this broad array of peoples and, many times, have elected to concentrate their demands on emblematic cases before the Inter-American Human Rights Commission and Court.

However, the framework for such issues and for other critical problems that affect human rights leads us today to bring together both rapporteur systems, the NGOs of the Americas, and the latter with the rapporteurs, in order to reinforce the global protection of the rights of individuals and collectives. There is a

pressing need to direct the work of the IIHR towards the consolidation of these regional linkages through, a communication network that would contribute to the global protection of human rights. The NGOs must feel that they are members of this inter-American alliance and enjoy the advantages of being in touch with the international rapporteurs. They must perceive themselves as part of a communicational reality and be leading players of a new information systems culture that would improve their effectiveness as protectors of rights within their countries and in the Americas.

This course has followed the example of the first specialized seminars organized by the IIHR between 1985 and 1991, which were offered as an essential complement to the activities of protection and denunciation undertaken by NGOs throughout the Americas. The IIHR has convened the III Course in the midst of a chronic problem of lack of support and financing for the Inter-American Court and Commission, and the UN rapporteur programs. Hence, its special significance: the IIHR is seeking to make these courses into an academic exercise reflected in an electronic information system in order to link civil organizations with the international rapporteurs. Thus, we initiate a new era in the global protection of human rights by promoting the complementarity, co-existence and concomitance between the human rights protection systems recognized by the UN and the OAS, thus facilitating this fusion of the future with access to legitimate action by the NGOs in the Americas.

## Joining Forces

The exchanges that were initiated during the Third Inter-American Course are now ongoing thanks to an electronic forum developed by the IIHR called Connecting-IIHR.

The forum is comprised of a specialized section of the IIHR's Web Site ([www.iidh.ed.cr](http://www.iidh.ed.cr)) and an e-mail discussion list.

Together, they constitute a virtual space for information, coordination, drawing together and exchange among the different rapporteurs and bodies of the universal and inter-American systems, and organizations from civil society.

Access to the Web Site is restricted to course participants, rapporteurs and other agencies from both systems. Like the e-mail list, it allows the exchange of information on issues related to women, children, migrant populations, indigenous peoples, people of African descent, freedom of expression and Ombudsmen and human rights defenders.



## San José, Costa Rica Rapporteurs and Civil Society meet

Third Inter-American Course on Civil Society and Human Rights

The rapporteurs of the universal and inter-American system and civil society entities strengthened their ties during the Third Inter-American Course on Civil Society and Human Rights, held in this city from October 28 to November 1.

The activity brought together representatives of more than 60 civil society entities from throughout the Americas, and had the participation of rapporteurs, as well as the Secretary of the Inter-American Court of Human Rights, Manuel Ventura, and the Executive Secretary of the Inter-American Commission of UN Human Rights, Santiago Cantón.

Also present were Olara Otunnu, Special Representative of the UN



*From left to right: Eduardo Berton, Special Rapporteur for Freedom of Expression of the IACHR; Sonia Picado, President of the General Assembly of the IIHR, and Eduardo Ulibarri, Director of the Costa Rican daily newspaper La Nación, during the round table session "Visions about the freedom of expression," held during the Third Course.*



*From left to right: Gilda Pacheco, Director of the Department of Civil Society Entities; Isabel Torres, Staff Officer of the Program for the Human Rights of Women, and Marisol Molestina, Coordinator of the Information and Editorial Service Unit, during the presentation of "Connecting-IIHR."*

Secretary General for children and Armed Conflict, and Roberto Garretón, Representative for Latin America of the High Commissioner for Human Rights.

Gilda Pacheco, Director of the IIHR Department of Civil Society Entities, indicated that the Course met its central objective of providing a meeting space between civil society organizations and representatives of both systems on issues of children, women, indigenous peoples, migrant populations, freedom of expression and people of African descent. The Course's activities did not simply conclude on November 1: the discussion still continues thanks to our Web Site Connecting-IIHR.

## Echoes of the Third Course

The Third Inter-American Course on Civil Society and Human Rights had an effect that went beyond the Course itself, as it attracted the attention of the national and international news media.

The Costa Rican daily *La Nación* provided wide coverage of the Course both in its national and international events section and in its section *Viva*.

Participants also appeared in a series of television programs on Channel 13 of the National Cultural Radio and Television System (SINART) in its morning program *Negro o con Leche (Black or with Cream.)*, in which they discussed topics that included women, children, migrant populations and people of African descent.

Representatives of the universal and inter-American systems also appeared in the talk show *Perspectives* on the University of Costa Rica's Channel 15. The Associated Press and ACAN-EFE also sent out information about the course, and Radio France International interviewed the Director of the IIHR Department of Civil Society Entities, Gilda Pacheco.

## Roberto Cuéllar initiates his second term as Executive Director

On October 28, Roberto Cuéllar initiated his second term as Executive Director of the IIHR, at a ceremony during the Third Inter-American Course on Civil Society and Human Rights.

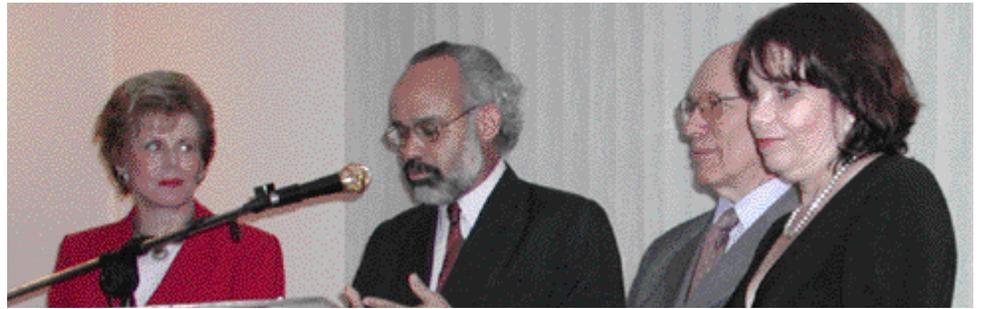
Cuéllar, a national of El Salvador, joined the IIHR in 1985, and has spend the greater part of his career here. He has been Executive Director since 1999 and the IIHR Steering Committee appointed him to a second term last August 24.

Roberto Cuéllar has been, since his earliest professional endeavors, a human rights activist. His work in their promotion and protection started in El Salvador while that country was involved in a gruesome civil war, which lasted for twelve years and took more than 150,000 lives.

At the ceremony, Mr. Cuéllar stated: “I took the position of Executive Director of the IIHR when we faced the challenge of reappraising its mission, reframing its work in the Americas and

the need was clear for reconfiguring its structure and its administrative operation. We carried out this mandate, in the midst of the transition from the 20<sup>th</sup> to the 21<sup>st</sup> century, but never did we foresee there would be such abrupt and vertiginous charges. I see the future beset more and more with chaotic events and inequalities, with greed and voracity. This demands of us persistence and creativity and a growing need to invest in the human content of economics and in education.”

“We intend to face the challenge of the dramatic standard of living of poor countries by investing in education. The investment in people entails the process of education and forming values. And in the face of the social decline, the IIHR cannot falter and must strive to ensure that economic analyses introduce the essential human rights and the eight inalienable rights into any system, no matter how liberal or centralized it may be, in order to protect its citizens.”



*From left to right: Sonia Picado, IIHR General Assembly President; Roberto Cuéllar, Executive Director; Rodolfo Stavenhagen, General Assembly Vice-President, and Gilda Pacheco, Director of the Department of Civil Society Entities*

## San Salvador, El Salvador Ombudsmen call for economic, social and cultural rights

The Human Rights Ombudsmen of Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Panama issued a Statement on the situation of economic, social and cultural rights and migrants in Central America, on October 29 in this city.

“Economic, social and cultural rights set the minimum boundaries that every State must ensure on economic and social matters in order to guarantee the functioning of just societies and to legitimize its own existence,” states the first point of the declaration.

This proclamation was issued unanimously within the framework of the XXII Meeting of the Central American Council of Human Rights

Ombudsmen, for which the IIHR is the Technical Secretariat.

*Find the full text of the Declaration in the IIHR's Web Site under the section Legal Texts and Documents/Declarations”.*

## Dominican Republic Technical Mission to Santo Domingo

The IIHR undertook, September 24-28, a Technical Mission in Santo Domingo, to promote the appointment of an Ombudsman in that country.

The figure of Ombudsman was approved by Congress on February 1, 2001, and since one year and seven months have elapsed without filling the Office since that approval, the IIHR Ombudsman Program and the Human Rights Institute of Santo Domingo organized this mission, which received widespread coverage on the part of the written press and television media.

## San José, Costa Rica First meeting of Public Defenders

The Public Defenders of the Americas met for analysis and discussion during the First Inter-American Congress of Public Defenders, held on October 23-26.

The event brought together more than 160 Directors of and Staff Officers of the Public Defenders, in addition to over a hundred from the host country, Costa Rica. Many of the participants financed their own expenses at great personal sacrifice. As Juan Navarrete, IIHR's Director of Public Institutions, pointed out, this clearly shows the need to create opportunities for meeting and discussion on the issues relating to public defense.

### IIHR in brief

#### Reflections regarding an International Criminal Court

San José, Costa Rica. A seminar was held (October 29 through 31<sup>st</sup>) on the operation, importance and challenges of the International Criminal Court. The event was organized by the Universidad La Salle, the IIHR and the Costa Rican Bar Association.

#### Latin American Scholars in Oxford

Oxford, United Kingdom. Five Latin Americans received scholarships to participate last July in the Joint Program on Human Rights of Oxford University and George Washington University, thanks to an agreement between the IIHR and Soros/Open Society.

The recipients were Carlos Urquilla, from El Salvador, Víctor Rodríguez and Montserrat Solano, from Costa Rica, Francisco Barboza, from Colombia, and Roberto Úbeda, from Paraguay.

#### Seminar on Violence Against Women

San José, Costa Rica. Last September 26 and 27, a seminar was held on “Violence against women” at the Costa Rican Bar Association. Isabel Torres, Officer Staff of IIHR’s Program on Human Rights of Women, participated in the seminar.

#### Reflection on Freedom of Expression

San José, Costa Rica. Last November 2, a working group gathered to reflect on the challenges of freedom of expression in Central America, and to explore possible responses. Representatives from Central America and speakers from Venezuela, Paraguay, Mexico and Argentina participated in the activity.

#### Washington, D.C. United States Hearing on Women before the IACHR

The IIHR participated in a hearing on the discrimination of women held last October 17 before the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR).

The hearing, held at the Commission’s seat in Washington, D.C., was organized by the Center for Justice and International Law (CEJIL).

The objective was to report the current state of discrimination suffered by women in the hemisphere and enhance the awareness of the

Commissioners regarding the importance of cases related to women’s rights to be presented before the IACHR.

Representatives from different organizations from the Americas participated in the meeting.

Gilda Pacheco, Director of the Department of Civil Society Entities, represented the IIHR.

Cecilia Medina, former Chair of the UN Committee on Human Rights, offered a global perspective on the situation of women. Issues of health and the particular circumstances of Mexico and Colombia were also addressed.



#### Asunción, Paraguay Truth Commission proposed in Paraguay

Military officers and representatives of civil society agreed on the need to establish a Truth, Justice and Reconciliation Commission in Paraguay.

This was one of the results of the open and pluralistic discussion that was generated during the seminar: “Dialogue for Life in Democracy: relations between the Armed Forces and Paraguayan Civil Society,” coordinated by the IIHR Program on Security Forces September 5 and 6.

The proposal was put forward together with the other conclusions of the dialogue, in an event attended by Defense Minister Miguel Ángel Candia, Military Forces Commander General Exedito Adriano Garrigoza, IIHR Vice-President María Elena Martínez, and IIHR Executive Director, Roberto Cuéllar, amongst other representatives of the Institute.

The seminar was also attended by 40 officers of the Paraguayan Armed Forces, who recently graduated from the human rights course developed by the IIHR in Asunción, as well as 30 participants, who were representatives from the State, and non-governmental organizations from Paraguay.

The issue of the creation of a Truth Commission was dealt with during the second day of the seminar. The issues of reparations to victims of human rights violations during the dictatorship and civilian-military relations in a democratic Paraguay were also discussed.

The first day was dedicated to hearing the international speakers’ presentations on diverse topics, lectures that later served as the groundwork for the joint discussion.

Warsaw, Poland

## IIHR extends its borders

Officials visit the Helsinki Foundation for Human Rights

To expand the scope of human rights education and to support the endeavor to create similar entities in other regions of the world are tasks that the IIHR has set as new goals. With this objective in mind, the Executive Director met with the Open Society Institute (OSI) in Washington D.C., in April 2001. As a result of this meeting, the OSI offered support for the exchange of experiences between the Helsinki Foundation for Human Rights, with head offices in Warsaw, Poland, and the IIHR.

On December 4-7, 2001, we were paid a visit by Marek Nowicki, President of the Helsinki Foundation, Zuzana Fialova, official of said organization and Wiktor Osiatynski, from OSI. IIHR officials Marisol Molestina, Coordinator of the Information and Editorial Services Unit, and Ana María Rodino, Coordinator of the Pedagogical Unit, visited the Helsinki Foundation on September 7-14, 2002. Both visits were sponsored by the OSI.

The Helsinki Foundation is an institution dedicated to human rights education and research, whose geopolitical scope of action spans the post-communist countries of Europe and Central Asia. It carries out a series of academic, monitoring and legal aid programs, some of which are of particular importance for the work of the IIHR.

The program directed at the monitoring of human rights in public institutions where there are children or adolescents, like educational centers, shelters, prisons or orphanages, is one of such endeavors, since it has been involved in the monitoring of the rights of children in educational institutions, particularly the right to education. In this field, as well as in human rights education, the IIHR has a special interest in becoming acquainted with the work and scope of the Foundation.

The access to justice program is of interest to the Institute since this topic is



*Participants in the Summer Course on Human Rights, an activity held during the visit of the IIHR staff and directed at lawyers, NGO leaders, journalists and Members of Congress of post-communist countries.*

central to its work, particularly the project dedicated to fostering better relations between judges and journalists, an issue that has a strong link with a current IIHR project on freedom of expression that involves judges, journalists and NGOs.

The Foundation and the IIHR are two important regional centers whose mutual efforts have a relevance that can potentially reach out to other regions. Starting from this premise, joint forms of cooperation have been identified based on the knowledge that both institutions attained through the exchange visits.

## Guatemala IIHR accompanies UN Rapporteur to Guatemala

Rodolfo Stavenhagen, Special UN Rapporteur for Indigenous Peoples and Vice-President of IIHR's General Assembly, undertook an official visit to Guatemala on September 1-12.

Guatemala is one of the two countries with the highest percentage of indigenous population in Latin America and the cradle of the Mayan culture. The Rapporteur's visit encompassed an extensive program of interviews and meetings with indigenous peoples and communities, NGOs, representatives of academia, government and international cooperation agencies.

The Coordinator of IIHR's Applied Research Unit, Diego Iturralde, took part in the mission.

"The passing of legislation regarding racial and ethnic discrimination that is now before Congress and the proposal that Guatemala accept a monitoring mechanism by the UN Committee for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination are necessary and urgent measures that will help build a society respectful of cultural diversity, as set forth in the Constitution and in the Peace Agreements," pointed out Mr. Stavenhagen at the end of his visit.

The Rapporteur will submit his report on this visit to the UN Human Rights Commission in April 2003.

*Read the Rapporteur's statement before the United Nations Verification Mission in Guatemala, at the end of his official visit, in the Legal texts and Documents/Lectures and speeches section of the IIHR Web Site: <http://www.iidh.ed.cr/>.*

## Panama City, Panama Course on Human Rights for Indigenous Women from Central America

This Course was held on October 14-18 in Panama. It is the culmination of a series of courses at the national level that have been held over the past three years in an effort to provide indigenous women with personal skills to carry out actions to protect and promote their rights both within their communities and local governments, and in the national and international setting.

These courses, carried out by the Indigenous Peoples and Human Rights Program, has fostered discussion on the participation of indigenous women and the roles assigned and assumed by them in society.

## Positive balance of Brazilian elections

Interview with María Elena Martínez, Vice-President of IIHR

María Elena Martínez, Vice-President of IIHR's General Assembly, participated as an observer during the first electoral round of Brazil, last October 6, at the invitation of the Supreme Electoral Tribunal.

The mission started on October 4, with an opening ceremony. Mrs. Martínez was among the dignitaries seated at the head table at the ceremony.

"We must remember that this election is very special, not only since it is the first time that all of Brazil—115,000,000 voters— will vote under this new system, but also because six elections are being held simultaneously for President and Vice-President of the Republic; for State Governor, for two Senators; for District Deputies and for Federal Deputies", she explained.

In this interview, Martínez points out some of the specific characteristics of the Brazilian elections, shares her views on the electronic system used and underscores civic participation.

### What is your overall balance of the unfolding of the Brazilian electoral process in this first round?

The overall balance is widely positive. We must take into account the high ratio of functional illiteracy that still exists in Brazil, which has instilled some apprehension about potential difficulties for the voting through the new procedure. However, there were only a few delays, which according to the opinions of the technicians, were due to the use of an external printing module that generated delays in the process without providing any additional guarantee.

I believe that for the first time in a Latin American country, the majority of presidential candidates belonged to left-wing parties. This fact, which in other times might have generated alarm, from what I have been able to observe I



believe has caused an entirely different effect. The election took place in a cheerful and peaceful climate, in spite of the long waits, out in the sun, on a very hot day, that the voters had to endure.

### How would you rate citizen participation in the Brazilian process?

Although voting is compulsory in Brazil, the 85% participation rate can be considered high. There was a great mobilization of supporters of the different parties, in the polling stations and nearby places, and widespread interest by the general public, who were very open about discussing the elections, both in terms of their electoral choice as well as expressing their joy about being able to vote through a state-of-the-art procedure that few countries have access to.

### Were there any threats to the electoral process?

There were threats to the electoral process, but the source of these threats were not forces outside the system, but rather criminal elements, bands of drug dealers, especially in Rio de Janeiro. However, a strong deployment of the

police and military allowed public safety to be ensured and prevented anything from disturbing the democratic festivity, as the news media referred to it.

### Is the electronic system used in Brazil a favorable tool for democratic elections?

In my opinion, the use of an electronic electoral procedure, such as the one established in Brazil, would be very suitable for Latin American countries, since in addition to the guarantees it affords to the functioning of a democracy, in accordance with what is set forth in the Inter-American Democratic Charter, its cost is not overwhelming and the Brazilian authorities have expressed their willingness to share their knowledge of the technology with other countries.

With an electorate the size of Brazil's, it is fundamental to facilitate and expedite not only the voting procedure, but also the vote count, since the swift assessment of the electoral results contributes to uphold the public trust in the electoral process and its transparency, positively strengthening electoral participation.

## San José, Costa Rica Canadian Senators visit IIHR

Six Canadian senators visited the IIHR on September 5, and interviewed several of the Institute's staff, as part of the evaluation that they are carrying out of the possibility of Canada's incorporation into the inter-American human rights system.

During their visit to Costa Rica, the Senators also met with judges of the Inter-American Court of Human Rights and members of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, as well as with representatives of human rights organizations.

On their visit to IIHR, they were hosted by Elizabeth Odio, General Assembly member, and by Gilda Pacheco, IIHR'S ad-interim Director, among others.

In their evaluation, the Senators analyzed the approach to issues such as abortion, the possible opposition to an amendment to the American Convention on Human Rights to reflect North American values, the system's effectiveness, as well as reservations and declarations of interpretation.

## Ecuador Electoral Mission by CAPEL

A technical team from IIHR's Center for Electoral Assistance and Promotion (CAPEL) undertook an extensive advisory function to the Training Unit of Ecuador's Supreme Electoral Tribunal (TSE) in order to train hundreds of thousands of electoral officials.

Since July, several consultants from CAPEL have been involved in this endeavor, with the support of former officials from the electoral bodies of El Salvador, Panama and Nicaragua. They visited all of the country's provinces.

CAPEL, in its role as Executive Secretariat of the Inter-American Union of Electoral Bodies (UNIORE), also supported the TSE in the organization of

a specialized mission of electoral observers.

The mission was made up primarily of electoral magistrates of electoral body associations from South and Central America, the Caribbean as well as from UNIORE.

*For further information, consult UNIORE's Newsletter, October 2002, at the following link:*

<http://www.iidh.ed.cr/comunidades/RedElectoral/>

## Tegucigalpa, Honduras Honduras presents special program on Women's Rights

The National Commissioner for Human Rights of Honduras, Ramón Custodio López, presented on October 2 a special program on Women's Rights.

Isabel Torres, Staff Officer of the Women's Rights Program, attended on behalf of IIHR.

The program proposes, as an institutional policy, to guarantee the human rights of women from a gender perspective, seeking to ensure that the acts and resolutions of public authorities are in strict compliance with the guarantees and freedoms recognized by the Constitution and international treaties signed by Honduras on behalf of all women.

## Sitguna, Sweden Declaration on the Electoral Rights of people with disabilities

A final version of the Declaration for the Electoral Rights of People with Disabilities was drafted as a result of the meeting held in this city on September 14-17.

Approximately 50 leaders of organizations involved with disabilities, members of electoral bodies and Congresses and electoral officials from 24 countries participated in the event. María Lourdes González, Program Officer of CAPEL, participated on behalf of IIHR.

The new declaration defines and promotes the fundamental rights of people with disabilities with regard to issues concerning electoral processes, particularly the right to secret vote, full access to polling centers, and equal electoral rights for people with mental disabilities.

## Asunción, Paraguay Reparations for the victims of the dictatorship

Since November 2001, when the first Ombudsman of Paraguay was appointed, the IIHR has coordinated several support missions to consolidate this institution, providing training to its staff regarding the mandate of this Ombudsman, international human rights law and strategies for cooperation with other sectors of society.

As part of these activities, last September 3 and 4, IIHR staff members traveled to Paraguay and met with the President of the Republic, Senators, Deputies, and the Victim's Commission, with the objective of following up the meetings held last June to expedite the reparation mechanisms for victims of the dictatorship.

## San José, Costa Rica IIHR video shown in local festival

The video *Join the game for living in democracy*, produced under the proposal and supervision of the IIHR's Pedagogical Unit, will participate in the *Costa Rican Cinema and Video Showcase*, which will be held on November 11-15. The video was directed by Susana Fevrier; Alicia Films was in charge of its production.

*Join the game* has been featured over the last weeks in the *Seminars on Education for Life in Democracy*, offered by the Pedagogical Unit in all Central American countries. In the context of these courses, it has had a great acceptance by the participants.

# PUBLICATIONS

We remind you that in the *Publications* section of our IIHR Web site there are, in addition to the complete selection of publications available for sale (both in print and as a CD-ROM, in PDF format), the following subsections: *Newsletter*, where you will find this and previous issues of our Newsletter; *Periodicals*, which includes a description of each of our periodical publications and access to them either in full text, or with contents and presentation in full text (as well as options for ordering them); *Audiovisuals*; *Order Forms*, with instructions for ordering our publications and materials.

We look forward to your visit!

*All prices listed include shipping costs by regular mail.*

**Guía metodológica para el desarrollo de un curso sobre el sistema interamericano de derechos humanos** (-Spanish edition only- *Methodological Guidebook for the development of a course on the inter-American human rights system*).

IIHR 2002, 136 pp - US\$6.00 (Available on CD-Rom, PDF format)

We offer this *Guidebook* as a way to enrich and complement the book by Héctor Faúndez, also published by the IIHR (*The Inter-American system for the protection of human rights: institutional and process aspects*), widely used in Latin American and Caribbean universities. Its objective is to fulfill a need for educational materials on the international protection of human rights, especially concerning the inter-American system.

**Casos hipotéticos para el estudio y capacitación en derechos humanos** (-Spanish edition only- *Hypothetical cases for human rights study and training*).

IIHR 2002, 100 pp - US\$6.00 (Available on CD-Rom, PDF format)

This publication complements the package of reading materials for the study of the inter-American system for the protection of human rights.

**Módulos para la vida en democracia** (*Spanish edition only- Modules for life in democracy*)

IIHR - US\$15.00

In a joint effort with World Vision, the IIHR offers this package of educational materials made up of the following modules: *Guía para la promoción de los derechos humanos* (*Guidebook for the promotion of human rights*); *Protección de los derechos humanos* (*Protection of human rights*); *Participación ciudadana* (*Citizen Participation*) and *Resolución pacífica de conflictos* (*Peaceful conflict resolution*). In the following weeks, we will make a new module available, with the title: *Promoción y defensa del derecho a la igualdad, justicia, desarrollo y respeto para las personas que viven con VIH/SIDA* (*Promotion and defense of the rights to equality, justice, development and respect for people living with HIV/AIDS*).

**Revista IIDH (IIHR Magazine)**

IIHR - US\$17.00

We have in stock, among others, the last three issues of our magazine *Revista IIDH*, special issues devoted to the following themes: strengthening the inter-American human rights system (No. 30-31); access to justice (No. 32-33) and political participation (No. 34-35).

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